



DAFFODIL GROWING GUIDE



Common Name: DAFFODILS

Botanical Name: Narcissus

Plant Type: Bulb **Size:** 25-40cm H x 15cm W

Planting Time: Autumn **Planting Width:** 15cm **Depth:** 12cm

Flowering: Late Winter to early Spring **Positioning:** Full sun with some protection from wind.

General Information: Suitable for Mediterranean and temperate/dry climates. Daffodils will generally only flower from round mature bulbs. If you plant them too shallow they are prone to 'spilt up' into side bulbs too readily to reach maturity. Deeper planted bulbs appear to stay healthier, and split less frequently, thus producing more flowers for many years.

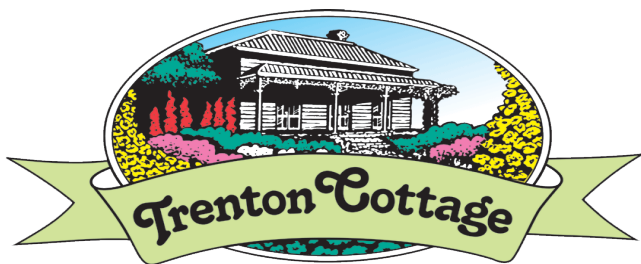
Watering: After planting the daffodils give them a thorough watering, but do not water again until the foliage starts to appear. Natural rainfall should be sufficient. Keep bulbs moist during dry spells in autumn and late spring. They do need water during their growth and flowering. Can tolerate frosts. **Fertilising:** After flowering has finished, apply light amount of blood and bone or complete plant food. If you have poor soil, sprinkle an all-purpose feed after flowering.

Soil: Well drained soil.

Lifting & Storage: If the daffodils are planted in soil with good drainage, the bulbs may be left in the ground and divided every 3 years. If you prefer to dig them up, spent flowers should be removed and foliage allowed to die off naturally. Once the daffodils leaves have died right down, they can be lifted and stored in a cool, dry, airy place.

Pests: Use a little snail bait regularly during growing period.

Tips: They look beautiful mass planted in the garden.



DAFFODIL TETE A TETE GROWING GUIDE



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